

MOSIDEO/CIRFA Experiments on Behavior and Detection of Oil in Ice



Chris Petrich and Megan O'Sadnick

Northern Research Institute (Norut) Narvik Norway http://norut.no/





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- Preparedness and response to oil in sea ice-covered waters ۲
- When does oil melt out of the ice? • \rightarrow Scenario development to ensure preparedness \rightarrow Optimize timing of spill response
- When can oil be detected with remote sensing techniques? • \rightarrow Optimize use of resources



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Oil-in-Ice Scenario







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From: Uzuner et al. (1979)





Oil-in-Ice Scenario















Experiments performed at HSVA Arctic Environmental Test Basin (AETB), Hamburg







Experiments performed at HSVA Arctic Environmental Test Basin (AETB), Hamburg

- * two research projects, jointly
- * financed by Research Council of Norway and industry partners
- * 3 weeks
- * sea ice microstructure and
- * remote sensing
- * 14 researchers
- * total: 1 man-year of time on-site



Experiment



TROMSØ I NARVIK I ALTA



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Simultaneous Generation of Granular and Columnar Ice











1 hour

in the end: 7 cm granular surface layer TROMSØ | NARVIK | ALTA

1 hour





Artificial Snow Drifts



on the ice for 2 days



Pump and oil injection system designed to avoid injection of air



Photos © Giuliani von Giese







3D Tomographic SAR, University of Rennes 1



Transects of hyperspectral, fluorescent, and wideband RADAR sensors



NONA1

22/03/2017 11:53:46

Time Lapse 🕒 25 -9°C 🖽 6

NONA16

25/03/2017 07:45:30

Time Lapse
•28 -3°C



3 Apr, 19:00

-2 °C



4 Apr, 7:30









Samples of 31 March 2017











Conclusions so far

- Experiment executed as planned, 20 cm ice thickness
- Generation of 7 cm granular surface layer was successful
- Oil behavior differed between columnar ice and granular ice
- Data analysis is ongoing

PETROMAKS2 program and SFI CIRFA industry partners

of Norwav

The Research Council