Challenges for Mobile Solutions for Emergency Response

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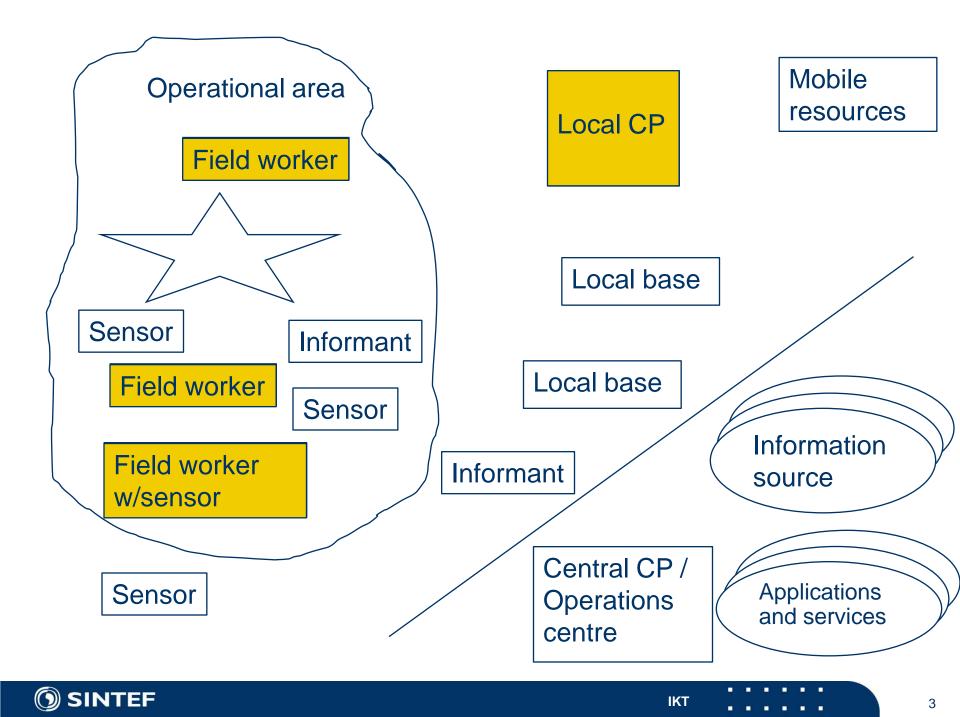
- Actors and roles that are involved in emergency missions
- A closer look at Local CP and Field personnel
 - Characteristics
 - Users
 - Equipment
 - Computers
 - Infrastructure
 - Needs and requirements
 - Information flow
 - Communication
 - Challenges for ICT systems

systems

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Common needs, challenges and opportunities





Local CP

Characteristics

- Close to the scene of the incident
- Outdoors
- In car
- In caravan
- In tent
- Move around more or less frequently
- Users
 - Local leader(s)
 - Support personnel
- Equipment
 - Computers
 - Portable computer(s)
 - Mobile devices
 - Infrastructure
 - Wireless communication





Local CP

Needs and requirements

- Highly attention requiring tasks
- Much information
 - Overview
 - Priority
 - Visualization
- Information flow
 - Collect from field personnel
 - Collect from information sources
 - Collect from (and provide to) remote applications and services
 - Collect from and provide to other local leaders
 - Collect from and provide to mobile resources
 - Collect from and provide to central CP
 - Collect from sensors
 - Collect from local informants
 - Appoint tasks to field personnel and other local leaders





Local CP

Communication

- With most of the actors and roles that are involved
- Much voice communication today
 - Radio
 - Phone
- Some electronic communication with central CP / operations centre
- Challenges for ICT systems
 - Balance between
 - Attention to ICT system
 - ICT systems relieving the user
 - User may be moving much around
 - Present optimal information
 - Flexibility with minimal efforts
 - Reliable communication





Field personnel

Characteristics

- At/insider the scene of the incident
- Move around most of the time
- Highly focused on primary task
- May operate in very hostile environments

Users

- Field personnel
- Local leaders
- Specialized personnel
- Equipment
 - Computers
 - Mobile devices
 - Infrastructure
 - Wireless communication
 - Equipped with sensors





Field personnel

Needs and requirements

- Highly attention requiring tasks
- Efficient information flow
 - Receive tasks
 - Provide information

Information flow

- Collect from and provide to local CP
- Collect from and provide to other local leaders
- Collect from and provide to other field personnel
- Receive tasks from local CP and other local leaders
- Provide indirectly through carrying sensors
- Collect from local informants





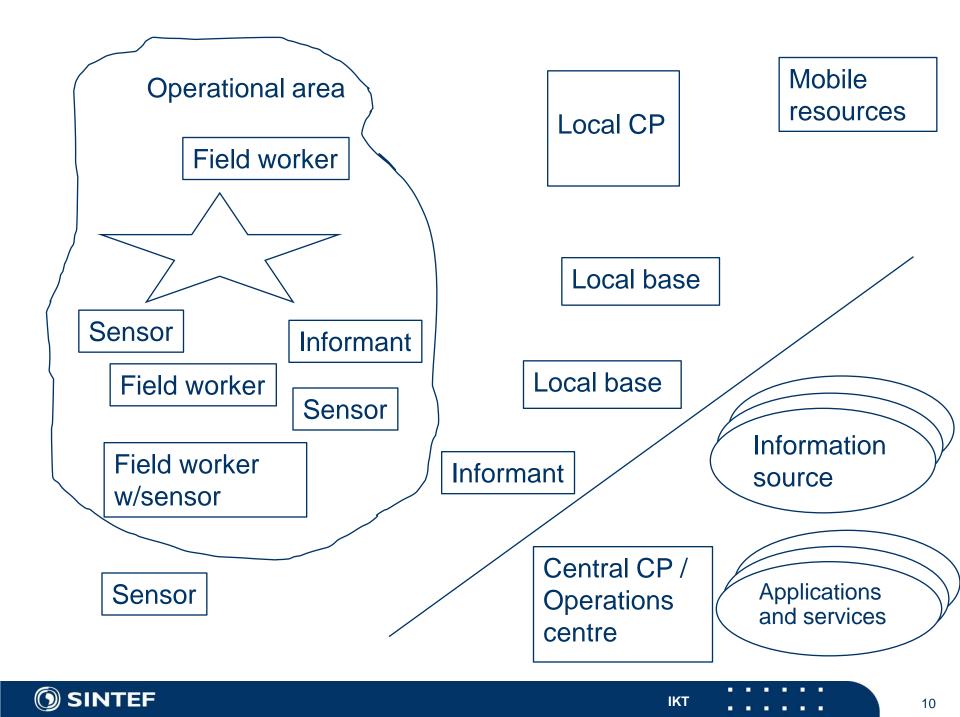
Field personnel

Communication

- With local CP / local leaders and other field personnel
- Much voice communication today
 - Person to person
 - Radio / phone
 - Shouting
- Challenges for ICT systems
 - User is moving very much around
 - All focus on primary task
 - Non-intrusive solutions
 - Balance between
 - Information needs
 - Information provision
 - Minimize needs for interaction
 - Automatic through sensors
 - Reasoning based on sensor data
 - Optimal choice of modalities
 - Reliable communication







Common needs and challenges

- Integration of information from different sources
 - From different organizations
 - From different systems and a variety of sources
 - From sensors
 - Data information presentation
- Adapting information to different situations
 - Standards and plans
 - Templates for different types of situations
 - Handling unexpected incidents
- Integration of maps and pictures
 - Incl. pictometri / angled photos
- Handing resources
 - Management and overview
 - Across organizations
 - Incl. human resources and equipment





Common needs and challenges

- Exploit local sensors and infrastructure
- Availability of mobile resources
- Robust communication
- Reliable sensor data
 - e.g. accuracy
- Sensor fusion



- Adapt solutions to different kind of equipment
 - Screen size
 - Operating systems
 - Interaction mechanisms
 - Available modalities





Opportunities

Possible approaches for ICT support connected to mobile personnel in avalanche operations

- Use GPS tracking to make map of operational area automatically
- Use GPS to obtain accurate position of findings in the avalanche
- Use RFID or bar code scanner to registrer
 - Available personnel
 - Where different persons are located
 - Inside or outside the operational area
- Use GPS tracking to make map of how well the different parts of the avalanche has been examined
 - Visualize using different shades





Opportunities

Possible approaches for ICT support connected to mobile personnel in avalanche operations

- Use movement sensor & GPS to registrer every point examined using the searching poles
- Use local D-GPS to increase accuracy of GPS tracking
- Use ad hoc WLAN to ensure reliable wireless communication
- Use ad hoc base station to ensure reliable wireless communication
- Use GPS to communicate location of tasks more efficiently and effective
- Use speach/sound based UI for mobile personnel
 - Location of tasks
 - Report activities
 - Automatic transfer to local CP





